

# On the Geometry of a Go-Board

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The articles [15], [2], [8], [1], [16], [13], [5], [3], [9], [10], [14], [17], [4], [6], [7], [11], and [12] provide the notation and terminology for this paper.

For simplicity, we follow the rules:  $i, j, n$  denote natural numbers,  $r, s, r_1, s_1, r_2, s_2$  denote real numbers,  $p$  denotes a point of  $\mathcal{E}_T^2$ , and  $G$  denotes a Go-board.

Next we state a number of propositions:

- (4)<sup>1</sup> Let  $M$  be a non empty Reflexive metric structure,  $u$  be a point of  $M$ , and  $r$  be a real number. If  $r > 0$ , then  $u \in \text{Ball}(u, r)$ .
- (6)<sup>2</sup> For every subset  $B$  of  $\mathcal{E}_T^n$  and for every point  $u$  of  $\mathcal{E}^n$  such that  $B = \text{Ball}(u, r)$  holds  $B$  is open.
- (7) Let  $M$  be a non empty metric space,  $u$  be a point of  $M$ , and  $P$  be a subset of  $M_{\text{top}}$ . Then  $u \in \text{Int} P$  if and only if there exists a real number  $r$  such that  $r > 0$  and  $\text{Ball}(u, r) \subseteq P$ .
- (8) Let  $u$  be a point of  $\mathcal{E}^n$  and  $P$  be a subset of  $\mathcal{E}_T^n$ . Then  $u \in \text{Int} P$  if and only if there exists a real number  $r$  such that  $r > 0$  and  $\text{Ball}(u, r) \subseteq P$ .
- (9) For all points  $u, v$  of  $\mathcal{E}^2$  such that  $u = [r_1, s_1]$  and  $v = [r_2, s_2]$  holds  $\rho(u, v) = \sqrt{(r_1 - r_2)^2 + (s_1 - s_2)^2}$ .
- (10) For every point  $u$  of  $\mathcal{E}^2$  such that  $u = [r, s]$  holds if  $0 \leq r_2$  and  $r_2 < r_1$ , then  $[r + r_2, s] \in \text{Ball}(u, r_1)$ .
- (11) For every point  $u$  of  $\mathcal{E}^2$  such that  $u = [r, s]$  holds if  $0 \leq s_2$  and  $s_2 < s_1$ , then  $[r, s + s_2] \in \text{Ball}(u, s_1)$ .
- (12) For every point  $u$  of  $\mathcal{E}^2$  such that  $u = [r, s]$  holds if  $0 \leq r_2$  and  $r_2 < r_1$ , then  $[r - r_2, s] \in \text{Ball}(u, r_1)$ .
- (13) For every point  $u$  of  $\mathcal{E}^2$  such that  $u = [r, s]$  holds if  $0 \leq s_2$  and  $s_2 < s_1$ , then  $[r, s - s_2] \in \text{Ball}(u, s_1)$ .
- (14) If  $1 \leq i$  and  $i < \text{len} G$  and  $1 \leq j$  and  $j < \text{width} G$ , then  $(G \circ (i, j)) + (G \circ (i + 1, j + 1)) = (G \circ (i, j + 1)) + (G \circ (i + 1, j))$ .
- (15)  $\text{Int vstrip}(G, 0) = \{[r, s] : r < (G \circ (1, 1))_1\}$ .

<sup>1</sup> The propositions (1)–(3) have been removed.

<sup>2</sup> The proposition (5) has been removed.

- (16)  $\text{Intvstrip}(G, \text{len } G) = \{[r, s] : (G \circ (\text{len } G, 1))_1 < r\}$ .
- (17) If  $1 \leq i$  and  $i < \text{len } G$ , then  $\text{Intvstrip}(G, i) = \{[r, s] : (G \circ (i, 1))_1 < r \wedge r < (G \circ (i+1, 1))_1\}$ .
- (18)  $\text{Inthstrip}(G, 0) = \{[r, s] : s < (G \circ (1, 1))_2\}$ .
- (19)  $\text{Inthstrip}(G, \text{width } G) = \{[r, s] : (G \circ (1, \text{width } G))_2 < s\}$ .
- (20) If  $1 \leq j$  and  $j < \text{width } G$ , then  $\text{Inthstrip}(G, j) = \{[r, s] : (G \circ (1, j))_2 < s \wedge s < (G \circ (1, j+1))_2\}$ .
- (21)  $\text{Intcell}(G, 0, 0) = \{[r, s] : r < (G \circ (1, 1))_1 \wedge s < (G \circ (1, 1))_2\}$ .
- (22)  $\text{Intcell}(G, 0, \text{width } G) = \{[r, s] : r < (G \circ (1, 1))_1 \wedge (G \circ (1, \text{width } G))_2 < s\}$ .
- (23) If  $1 \leq j$  and  $j < \text{width } G$ , then  $\text{Intcell}(G, 0, j) = \{[r, s] : r < (G \circ (1, 1))_1 \wedge (G \circ (1, j))_2 < s \wedge s < (G \circ (1, j+1))_2\}$ .
- (24)  $\text{Intcell}(G, \text{len } G, 0) = \{[r, s] : (G \circ (\text{len } G, 1))_1 < r \wedge s < (G \circ (1, 1))_2\}$ .
- (25)  $\text{Intcell}(G, \text{len } G, \text{width } G) = \{[r, s] : (G \circ (\text{len } G, 1))_1 < r \wedge (G \circ (1, \text{width } G))_2 < s\}$ .
- (26) If  $1 \leq j$  and  $j < \text{width } G$ , then  $\text{Intcell}(G, \text{len } G, j) = \{[r, s] : (G \circ (\text{len } G, 1))_1 < r \wedge (G \circ (1, j))_2 < s \wedge s < (G \circ (1, j+1))_2\}$ .
- (27) If  $1 \leq i$  and  $i < \text{len } G$ , then  $\text{Intcell}(G, i, 0) = \{[r, s] : (G \circ (i, 1))_1 < r \wedge r < (G \circ (i+1, 1))_1 \wedge s < (G \circ (1, 1))_2\}$ .
- (28) If  $1 \leq i$  and  $i < \text{len } G$ , then  $\text{Intcell}(G, i, \text{width } G) = \{[r, s] : (G \circ (i, 1))_1 < r \wedge r < (G \circ (i+1, 1))_1 \wedge (G \circ (1, \text{width } G))_2 < s\}$ .
- (29) If  $1 \leq i$  and  $i < \text{len } G$  and  $1 \leq j$  and  $j < \text{width } G$ , then  $\text{Intcell}(G, i, j) = \{[r, s] : (G \circ (i, 1))_1 < r \wedge r < (G \circ (i+1, 1))_1 \wedge (G \circ (1, j))_2 < s \wedge s < (G \circ (1, j+1))_2\}$ .
- (30) If  $1 \leq j$  and  $j \leq \text{width } G$  and  $p \in \text{Inthstrip}(G, j)$ , then  $p_2 > (G \circ (1, j))_2$ .
- (31) If  $j < \text{width } G$  and  $p \in \text{Inthstrip}(G, j)$ , then  $p_2 < (G \circ (1, j+1))_2$ .
- (32) If  $1 \leq i$  and  $i \leq \text{len } G$  and  $p \in \text{Intvstrip}(G, i)$ , then  $p_1 > (G \circ (i, 1))_1$ .
- (33) If  $i < \text{len } G$  and  $p \in \text{Intvstrip}(G, i)$ , then  $p_1 < (G \circ (i+1, 1))_1$ .
- (34) If  $1 \leq i$  and  $i+1 \leq \text{len } G$  and  $1 \leq j$  and  $j+1 \leq \text{width } G$ , then  $\frac{1}{2} \cdot ((G \circ (i, j)) + (G \circ (i+1, j+1))) \in \text{Intcell}(G, i, j)$ .
- (35) If  $1 \leq i$  and  $i+1 \leq \text{len } G$ , then  $\frac{1}{2} \cdot ((G \circ (i, \text{width } G)) + (G \circ (i+1, \text{width } G))) + [0, 1] \in \text{Intcell}(G, i, \text{width } G)$ .
- (36) If  $1 \leq i$  and  $i+1 \leq \text{len } G$ , then  $\frac{1}{2} \cdot ((G \circ (i, 1)) + (G \circ (i+1, 1))) - [0, 1] \in \text{Intcell}(G, i, 0)$ .
- (37) If  $1 \leq j$  and  $j+1 \leq \text{width } G$ , then  $\frac{1}{2} \cdot ((G \circ (\text{len } G, j)) + (G \circ (\text{len } G, j+1))) + [1, 0] \in \text{Intcell}(G, \text{len } G, j)$ .
- (38) If  $1 \leq j$  and  $j+1 \leq \text{width } G$ , then  $\frac{1}{2} \cdot ((G \circ (1, j)) + (G \circ (1, j+1))) - [1, 0] \in \text{Intcell}(G, 0, j)$ .
- (39)  $(G \circ (1, 1)) - [1, 1] \in \text{Intcell}(G, 0, 0)$ .
- (40)  $(G \circ (\text{len } G, \text{width } G)) + [1, 1] \in \text{Intcell}(G, \text{len } G, \text{width } G)$ .
- (41)  $(G \circ (1, \text{width } G)) + [-1, 1] \in \text{Intcell}(G, 0, \text{width } G)$ .
- (42)  $(G \circ (\text{len } G, 1)) + [1, -1] \in \text{Intcell}(G, \text{len } G, 0)$ .
- (43) If  $1 \leq i$  and  $i < \text{len } G$  and  $1 \leq j$  and  $j < \text{width } G$ , then  $\mathcal{L}(\frac{1}{2} \cdot ((G \circ (i, j)) + (G \circ (i+1, j+1))), \frac{1}{2} \cdot ((G \circ (i, j)) + (G \circ (i, j+1)))) \subseteq \text{Intcell}(G, i, j) \cup \{\frac{1}{2} \cdot ((G \circ (i, j)) + (G \circ (i, j+1)))\}$ .

- (44) Suppose  $1 \leq i$  and  $i < \text{len } G$  and  $1 \leq j$  and  $j < \text{width } G$ . Then  $\mathcal{L}(\frac{1}{2} \cdot ((G \circ (i, j)) + (G \circ (i+1, j+1))), \frac{1}{2} \cdot ((G \circ (i, j+1)) + (G \circ (i+1, j+1)))) \subseteq \text{Intcell}(G, i, j) \cup \{\frac{1}{2} \cdot ((G \circ (i, j+1)) + (G \circ (i+1, j+1)))\}$ .
- (45) Suppose  $1 \leq i$  and  $i < \text{len } G$  and  $1 \leq j$  and  $j < \text{width } G$ . Then  $\mathcal{L}(\frac{1}{2} \cdot ((G \circ (i, j)) + (G \circ (i+1, j+1))), \frac{1}{2} \cdot ((G \circ (i+1, j)) + (G \circ (i+1, j+1)))) \subseteq \text{Intcell}(G, i, j) \cup \{\frac{1}{2} \cdot ((G \circ (i+1, j)) + (G \circ (i+1, j+1)))\}$ .
- (46) If  $1 \leq i$  and  $i < \text{len } G$  and  $1 \leq j$  and  $j < \text{width } G$ , then  $\mathcal{L}(\frac{1}{2} \cdot ((G \circ (i, j)) + (G \circ (i+1, j+1))), \frac{1}{2} \cdot ((G \circ (i, j)) + (G \circ (i+1, j)))) \subseteq \text{Intcell}(G, i, j) \cup \{\frac{1}{2} \cdot ((G \circ (i, j)) + (G \circ (i+1, j)))\}$ .
- (47) If  $1 \leq j$  and  $j < \text{width } G$ , then  $\mathcal{L}(\frac{1}{2} \cdot ((G \circ (1, j)) + (G \circ (1, j+1))) - [1, 0], \frac{1}{2} \cdot ((G \circ (1, j)) + (G \circ (1, j+1)))) \subseteq \text{Intcell}(G, 0, j) \cup \{\frac{1}{2} \cdot ((G \circ (1, j)) + (G \circ (1, j+1)))\}$ .
- (48) If  $1 \leq j$  and  $j < \text{width } G$ , then  $\mathcal{L}(\frac{1}{2} \cdot ((G \circ (\text{len } G, j)) + (G \circ (\text{len } G, j+1))) + [1, 0], \frac{1}{2} \cdot ((G \circ (\text{len } G, j)) + (G \circ (\text{len } G, j+1)))) \subseteq \text{Intcell}(G, \text{len } G, j) \cup \{\frac{1}{2} \cdot ((G \circ (\text{len } G, j)) + (G \circ (\text{len } G, j+1)))\}$ .
- (49) If  $1 \leq i$  and  $i < \text{len } G$ , then  $\mathcal{L}(\frac{1}{2} \cdot ((G \circ (i, 1)) + (G \circ (i+1, 1))) - [0, 1], \frac{1}{2} \cdot ((G \circ (i, 1)) + (G \circ (i+1, 1)))) \subseteq \text{Intcell}(G, i, 0) \cup \{\frac{1}{2} \cdot ((G \circ (i, 1)) + (G \circ (i+1, 1)))\}$ .
- (50) If  $1 \leq i$  and  $i < \text{len } G$ , then  $\mathcal{L}(\frac{1}{2} \cdot ((G \circ (i, \text{width } G)) + (G \circ (i+1, \text{width } G))) + [0, 1], \frac{1}{2} \cdot ((G \circ (i, \text{width } G)) + (G \circ (i+1, \text{width } G)))) \subseteq \text{Intcell}(G, i, \text{width } G) \cup \{\frac{1}{2} \cdot ((G \circ (i, \text{width } G)) + (G \circ (i+1, \text{width } G)))\}$ .
- (51) If  $1 \leq j$  and  $j < \text{width } G$ , then  $\mathcal{L}(\frac{1}{2} \cdot ((G \circ (1, j)) + (G \circ (1, j+1))) - [1, 0], (G \circ (1, j)) - [1, 0]) \subseteq \text{Intcell}(G, 0, j) \cup \{(G \circ (1, j)) - [1, 0]\}$ .
- (52) If  $1 \leq j$  and  $j < \text{width } G$ , then  $\mathcal{L}(\frac{1}{2} \cdot ((G \circ (1, j)) + (G \circ (1, j+1))) - [1, 0], (G \circ (1, j+1)) - [1, 0]) \subseteq \text{Intcell}(G, 0, j) \cup \{(G \circ (1, j+1)) - [1, 0]\}$ .
- (53) If  $1 \leq j$  and  $j < \text{width } G$ , then  $\mathcal{L}(\frac{1}{2} \cdot ((G \circ (\text{len } G, j)) + (G \circ (\text{len } G, j+1))) + [1, 0], (G \circ (\text{len } G, j)) + [1, 0]) \subseteq \text{Intcell}(G, \text{len } G, j) \cup \{(G \circ (\text{len } G, j)) + [1, 0]\}$ .
- (54) If  $1 \leq j$  and  $j < \text{width } G$ , then  $\mathcal{L}(\frac{1}{2} \cdot ((G \circ (\text{len } G, j)) + (G \circ (\text{len } G, j+1))) + [1, 0], (G \circ (\text{len } G, j+1)) + [1, 0]) \subseteq \text{Intcell}(G, \text{len } G, j) \cup \{(G \circ (\text{len } G, j+1)) + [1, 0]\}$ .
- (55) If  $1 \leq i$  and  $i < \text{len } G$ , then  $\mathcal{L}(\frac{1}{2} \cdot ((G \circ (i, 1)) + (G \circ (i+1, 1))) - [0, 1], (G \circ (i, 1)) - [0, 1]) \subseteq \text{Intcell}(G, i, 0) \cup \{(G \circ (i, 1)) - [0, 1]\}$ .
- (56) If  $1 \leq i$  and  $i < \text{len } G$ , then  $\mathcal{L}(\frac{1}{2} \cdot ((G \circ (i, 1)) + (G \circ (i+1, 1))) - [0, 1], (G \circ (i+1, 1)) - [0, 1]) \subseteq \text{Intcell}(G, i, 0) \cup \{(G \circ (i+1, 1)) - [0, 1]\}$ .
- (57) If  $1 \leq i$  and  $i < \text{len } G$ , then  $\mathcal{L}(\frac{1}{2} \cdot ((G \circ (i, \text{width } G)) + (G \circ (i+1, \text{width } G))) + [0, 1], (G \circ (i, \text{width } G)) + [0, 1]) \subseteq \text{Intcell}(G, i, \text{width } G) \cup \{(G \circ (i, \text{width } G)) + [0, 1]\}$ .
- (58) If  $1 \leq i$  and  $i < \text{len } G$ , then  $\mathcal{L}(\frac{1}{2} \cdot ((G \circ (i, \text{width } G)) + (G \circ (i+1, \text{width } G))) + [0, 1], (G \circ (i+1, \text{width } G)) + [0, 1]) \subseteq \text{Intcell}(G, i, \text{width } G) \cup \{(G \circ (i+1, \text{width } G)) + [0, 1]\}$ .
- (59)  $\mathcal{L}((G \circ (1, 1)) - [1, 1], (G \circ (1, 1)) - [1, 0]) \subseteq \text{Intcell}(G, 0, 0) \cup \{(G \circ (1, 1)) - [1, 0]\}$ .
- (60)  $\mathcal{L}((G \circ (\text{len } G, 1)) + [1, -1], (G \circ (\text{len } G, 1)) + [1, 0]) \subseteq \text{Intcell}(G, \text{len } G, 0) \cup \{(G \circ (\text{len } G, 1)) + [1, 0]\}$ .
- (61)  $\mathcal{L}((G \circ (1, \text{width } G)) + [-1, 1], (G \circ (1, \text{width } G)) - [1, 0]) \subseteq \text{Intcell}(G, 0, \text{width } G) \cup \{(G \circ (1, \text{width } G)) - [1, 0]\}$ .
- (62)  $\mathcal{L}((G \circ (\text{len } G, \text{width } G)) + [1, 1], (G \circ (\text{len } G, \text{width } G)) + [1, 0]) \subseteq \text{Intcell}(G, \text{len } G, \text{width } G) \cup \{(G \circ (\text{len } G, \text{width } G)) + [1, 0]\}$ .
- (63)  $\mathcal{L}((G \circ (1, 1)) - [1, 1], (G \circ (1, 1)) - [0, 1]) \subseteq \text{Intcell}(G, 0, 0) \cup \{(G \circ (1, 1)) - [0, 1]\}$ .

- (64)  $\mathcal{L}((G \circ (\text{len } G, 1)) + [1, -1], (G \circ (\text{len } G, 1)) - [0, 1]) \subseteq \text{Intcell}(G, \text{len } G, 0) \cup \{(G \circ (\text{len } G, 1)) - [0, 1]\}$ .
- (65)  $\mathcal{L}((G \circ (1, \text{width } G)) + [-1, 1], (G \circ (1, \text{width } G)) + [0, 1]) \subseteq \text{Intcell}(G, 0, \text{width } G) \cup \{(G \circ (1, \text{width } G)) + [0, 1]\}$ .
- (66)  $\mathcal{L}((G \circ (\text{len } G, \text{width } G)) + [1, 1], (G \circ (\text{len } G, \text{width } G)) + [0, 1]) \subseteq \text{Intcell}(G, \text{len } G, \text{width } G) \cup \{(G \circ (\text{len } G, \text{width } G)) + [0, 1]\}$ .
- (67) Suppose  $1 \leq i$  and  $i < \text{len } G$  and  $1 \leq j$  and  $j + 1 < \text{width } G$ . Then  $\mathcal{L}(\frac{1}{2} \cdot ((G \circ (i, j)) + (G \circ (i + 1, j + 1))), \frac{1}{2} \cdot ((G \circ (i, j + 1)) + (G \circ (i + 1, j + 2)))) \subseteq \text{Intcell}(G, i, j) \cup \text{Intcell}(G, i, j + 1) \cup \{\frac{1}{2} \cdot ((G \circ (i, j + 1)) + (G \circ (i + 1, j + 1)))\}$ .
- (68) Suppose  $1 \leq j$  and  $j < \text{width } G$  and  $1 \leq i$  and  $i + 1 < \text{len } G$ . Then  $\mathcal{L}(\frac{1}{2} \cdot ((G \circ (i, j)) + (G \circ (i + 1, j + 1))), \frac{1}{2} \cdot ((G \circ (i + 1, j)) + (G \circ (i + 2, j + 1)))) \subseteq \text{Intcell}(G, i, j) \cup \text{Intcell}(G, i + 1, j) \cup \{\frac{1}{2} \cdot ((G \circ (i + 1, j)) + (G \circ (i + 1, j + 1)))\}$ .
- (69) If  $1 \leq i$  and  $i < \text{len } G$  and  $1 < \text{width } G$ , then  $\mathcal{L}(\frac{1}{2} \cdot ((G \circ (i, 1)) + (G \circ (i + 1, 1))) - [0, 1], \frac{1}{2} \cdot ((G \circ (i, 1)) + (G \circ (i + 1, 2)))) \subseteq \text{Intcell}(G, i, 0) \cup \text{Intcell}(G, i, 1) \cup \{\frac{1}{2} \cdot ((G \circ (i, 1)) + (G \circ (i + 1, 1)))\}$ .
- (70) Suppose  $1 \leq i$  and  $i < \text{len } G$  and  $1 < \text{width } G$ . Then  $\mathcal{L}(\frac{1}{2} \cdot ((G \circ (i, \text{width } G)) + (G \circ (i + 1, \text{width } G))) + [0, 1], \frac{1}{2} \cdot ((G \circ (i, \text{width } G)) + (G \circ (i + 1, \text{width } G - 1)))) \subseteq \text{Intcell}(G, i, \text{width } G - 1) \cup \text{Intcell}(G, i, \text{width } G) \cup \{\frac{1}{2} \cdot ((G \circ (i, \text{width } G)) + (G \circ (i + 1, \text{width } G)))\}$ .
- (71) If  $1 \leq j$  and  $j < \text{width } G$  and  $1 < \text{len } G$ , then  $\mathcal{L}(\frac{1}{2} \cdot ((G \circ (1, j)) + (G \circ (1, j + 1))) - [1, 0], \frac{1}{2} \cdot ((G \circ (1, j)) + (G \circ (2, j + 1)))) \subseteq \text{Intcell}(G, 0, j) \cup \text{Intcell}(G, 1, j) \cup \{\frac{1}{2} \cdot ((G \circ (1, j)) + (G \circ (1, j + 1)))\}$ .
- (72) Suppose  $1 \leq j$  and  $j < \text{width } G$  and  $1 < \text{len } G$ . Then  $\mathcal{L}(\frac{1}{2} \cdot ((G \circ (\text{len } G, j)) + (G \circ (\text{len } G, j + 1))) + [1, 0], \frac{1}{2} \cdot ((G \circ (\text{len } G, j)) + (G \circ (\text{len } G - 1, j + 1)))) \subseteq \text{Intcell}(G, \text{len } G - 1, j) \cup \text{Intcell}(G, \text{len } G, j) \cup \{\frac{1}{2} \cdot ((G \circ (\text{len } G, j)) + (G \circ (\text{len } G, j + 1)))\}$ .
- (73) If  $1 < \text{len } G$  and  $1 \leq j$  and  $j + 1 < \text{width } G$ , then  $\mathcal{L}(\frac{1}{2} \cdot ((G \circ (1, j)) + (G \circ (1, j + 1))) - [1, 0], \frac{1}{2} \cdot ((G \circ (1, j + 1)) + (G \circ (1, j + 2)))) - [1, 0] \subseteq \text{Intcell}(G, 0, j) \cup \text{Intcell}(G, 0, j + 1) \cup \{(G \circ (1, j + 1)) - [1, 0]\}$ .
- (74) Suppose  $1 < \text{len } G$  and  $1 \leq j$  and  $j + 1 < \text{width } G$ . Then  $\mathcal{L}(\frac{1}{2} \cdot ((G \circ (\text{len } G, j)) + (G \circ (\text{len } G, j + 1))) + [1, 0], \frac{1}{2} \cdot ((G \circ (\text{len } G, j + 1)) + (G \circ (\text{len } G, j + 2))) + [1, 0] \subseteq \text{Intcell}(G, \text{len } G, j) \cup \text{Intcell}(G, \text{len } G, j + 1) \cup \{(G \circ (\text{len } G, j + 1)) + [1, 0]\}$ .
- (75) If  $1 < \text{width } G$  and  $1 \leq i$  and  $i + 1 < \text{len } G$ , then  $\mathcal{L}(\frac{1}{2} \cdot ((G \circ (i, 1)) + (G \circ (i + 1, 1))) - [0, 1], \frac{1}{2} \cdot ((G \circ (i + 1, 1)) + (G \circ (i + 2, 1))) - [0, 1] \subseteq \text{Intcell}(G, i, 0) \cup \text{Intcell}(G, i + 1, 0) \cup \{(G \circ (i + 1, 1)) - [0, 1]\}$ .
- (76) Suppose  $1 < \text{width } G$  and  $1 \leq i$  and  $i + 1 < \text{len } G$ . Then  $\mathcal{L}(\frac{1}{2} \cdot ((G \circ (i, \text{width } G)) + (G \circ (i + 1, \text{width } G))) + [0, 1], \frac{1}{2} \cdot ((G \circ (i + 1, \text{width } G)) + (G \circ (i + 2, \text{width } G))) + [0, 1] \subseteq \text{Intcell}(G, i, \text{width } G) \cup \text{Intcell}(G, i + 1, \text{width } G) \cup \{(G \circ (i + 1, \text{width } G)) + [0, 1]\}$ .
- (77) If  $1 < \text{len } G$  and  $1 < \text{width } G$ , then  $\mathcal{L}((G \circ (1, 1)) - [1, 1], \frac{1}{2} \cdot ((G \circ (1, 1)) + (G \circ (1, 2))) - [1, 0] \subseteq \text{Intcell}(G, 0, 0) \cup \text{Intcell}(G, 0, 1) \cup \{(G \circ (1, 1)) - [1, 0]\}$ .
- (78) If  $1 < \text{len } G$  and  $1 < \text{width } G$ , then  $\mathcal{L}((G \circ (\text{len } G, 1)) + [1, -1], \frac{1}{2} \cdot ((G \circ (\text{len } G, 1)) + (G \circ (\text{len } G, 2))) + [1, 0] \subseteq \text{Intcell}(G, \text{len } G, 0) \cup \text{Intcell}(G, \text{len } G, 1) \cup \{(G \circ (\text{len } G, 1)) + [1, 0]\}$ .
- (79) If  $1 < \text{len } G$  and  $1 < \text{width } G$ , then  $\mathcal{L}((G \circ (1, \text{width } G)) + [-1, 1], \frac{1}{2} \cdot ((G \circ (1, \text{width } G)) + (G \circ (1, \text{width } G - 1))) - [1, 0] \subseteq \text{Intcell}(G, 0, \text{width } G) \cup \text{Intcell}(G, 0, \text{width } G - 1) \cup \{(G \circ (1, \text{width } G)) - [1, 0]\}$ .

- (80) If  $1 < \text{len } G$  and  $1 < \text{width } G$ , then  $\mathcal{L}((G \circ (\text{len } G, \text{width } G)) + [1, 1], \frac{1}{2} \cdot ((G \circ (\text{len } G, \text{width } G)) + (G \circ (\text{len } G, \text{width } G - '1))) + [1, 0]) \subseteq \text{Int cell}(G, \text{len } G, \text{width } G) \cup \text{Int cell}(G, \text{len } G, \text{width } G - '1) \cup \{(G \circ (\text{len } G, \text{width } G)) + [1, 0]\}$ .
- (81) If  $1 < \text{width } G$  and  $1 < \text{len } G$ , then  $\mathcal{L}((G \circ (1, 1)) - [1, 1], \frac{1}{2} \cdot ((G \circ (1, 1)) + (G \circ (2, 1))) - [0, 1]) \subseteq \text{Int cell}(G, 0, 0) \cup \text{Int cell}(G, 1, 0) \cup \{(G \circ (1, 1)) - [0, 1]\}$ .
- (82) If  $1 < \text{width } G$  and  $1 < \text{len } G$ , then  $\mathcal{L}((G \circ (1, \text{width } G)) + [-1, 1], \frac{1}{2} \cdot ((G \circ (1, \text{width } G)) + (G \circ (2, \text{width } G))) + [0, 1]) \subseteq \text{Int cell}(G, 0, \text{width } G) \cup \text{Int cell}(G, 1, \text{width } G) \cup \{(G \circ (1, \text{width } G)) + [0, 1]\}$ .
- (83) If  $1 < \text{width } G$  and  $1 < \text{len } G$ , then  $\mathcal{L}((G \circ (\text{len } G, 1)) + [1, -1], \frac{1}{2} \cdot ((G \circ (\text{len } G, 1)) + (G \circ (\text{len } G - '1, 1))) - [0, 1]) \subseteq \text{Int cell}(G, \text{len } G, 0) \cup \text{Int cell}(G, \text{len } G - '1, 0) \cup \{(G \circ (\text{len } G, 1)) - [0, 1]\}$ .
- (84) If  $1 < \text{width } G$  and  $1 < \text{len } G$ , then  $\mathcal{L}((G \circ (\text{len } G, \text{width } G)) + [1, 1], \frac{1}{2} \cdot ((G \circ (\text{len } G, \text{width } G)) + (G \circ (\text{len } G - '1, \text{width } G))) + [0, 1]) \subseteq \text{Int cell}(G, \text{len } G, \text{width } G) \cup \text{Int cell}(G, \text{len } G - '1, \text{width } G) \cup \{(G \circ (\text{len } G, \text{width } G)) + [0, 1]\}$ .
- (85) If  $1 \leq i$  and  $i + 1 \leq \text{len } G$  and  $1 \leq j$  and  $j + 1 \leq \text{width } G$ , then  $\mathcal{L}(\frac{1}{2} \cdot ((G \circ (i, j)) + (G \circ (i + 1, j + 1))), p)$  meets  $\text{Int cell}(G, i, j)$ .
- (86) If  $1 \leq i$  and  $i + 1 \leq \text{len } G$ , then  $\mathcal{L}(p, \frac{1}{2} \cdot ((G \circ (i, \text{width } G)) + (G \circ (i + 1, \text{width } G))) + [0, 1])$  meets  $\text{Int cell}(G, i, \text{width } G)$ .
- (87) If  $1 \leq i$  and  $i + 1 \leq \text{len } G$ , then  $\mathcal{L}(\frac{1}{2} \cdot ((G \circ (i, 1)) + (G \circ (i + 1, 1))) - [0, 1], p)$  meets  $\text{Int cell}(G, i, 0)$ .
- (88) If  $1 \leq j$  and  $j + 1 \leq \text{width } G$ , then  $\mathcal{L}(\frac{1}{2} \cdot ((G \circ (1, j)) + (G \circ (1, j + 1))) - [1, 0], p)$  meets  $\text{Int cell}(G, 0, j)$ .
- (89) If  $1 \leq j$  and  $j + 1 \leq \text{width } G$ , then  $\mathcal{L}(p, \frac{1}{2} \cdot ((G \circ (\text{len } G, j)) + (G \circ (\text{len } G, j + 1))) + [1, 0])$  meets  $\text{Int cell}(G, \text{len } G, j)$ .
- (90)  $\mathcal{L}(p, (G \circ (1, 1)) - [1, 1])$  meets  $\text{Int cell}(G, 0, 0)$ .
- (91)  $\mathcal{L}(p, (G \circ (\text{len } G, \text{width } G)) + [1, 1])$  meets  $\text{Int cell}(G, \text{len } G, \text{width } G)$ .
- (92)  $\mathcal{L}(p, (G \circ (1, \text{width } G)) + [-1, 1])$  meets  $\text{Int cell}(G, 0, \text{width } G)$ .
- (93)  $\mathcal{L}(p, (G \circ (\text{len } G, 1)) + [1, -1])$  meets  $\text{Int cell}(G, \text{len } G, 0)$ .

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