

Predicate Calculus for Boolean Valued Functions. Part XII

Shunichi Kobayashi
Ueda Multimedia Information Center
Nagano

Summary. In this paper, we proved some elementary predicate calculus formulae containing the quantifiers of Boolean valued functions with respect to partitions. Such a theory is an analogy of ordinary predicate logic.

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The articles [11], [10], [2], [13], [8], [14], [1], [12], [3], [4], [15], [9], [6], [5], and [7] provide the notation and terminology for this paper.

For simplicity, we adopt the following rules: Y is a non empty set, G is a subset of $\text{PARTITIONS}(Y)$, A, B, C, D, E, F, J, M are partitions of Y , and $x, x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4, x_5, x_6, x_7, x_8, x_9$ are sets.

We now state a number of propositions:

- (1) Suppose that $G = \{A, B, C, D, E, F, J\}$ and $A \neq B$ and $A \neq C$ and $A \neq D$ and $A \neq E$ and $A \neq F$ and $A \neq J$ and $B \neq C$ and $B \neq D$ and $B \neq E$ and $B \neq F$ and $B \neq J$ and $C \neq D$ and $C \neq E$ and $C \neq F$ and $C \neq J$ and $D \neq E$ and $D \neq F$ and $D \neq J$ and $E \neq F$ and $E \neq J$ and $F \neq J$. Then $\text{CompF}(A, G) = B \wedge C \wedge D \wedge E \wedge F \wedge J$.
- (2) Suppose that $G = \{A, B, C, D, E, F, J\}$ and $A \neq B$ and $A \neq C$ and $A \neq D$ and $A \neq E$ and $A \neq F$ and $A \neq J$ and $B \neq C$ and $B \neq D$ and $B \neq E$ and $B \neq F$ and $B \neq J$ and $C \neq D$ and $C \neq E$ and $C \neq F$ and $C \neq J$ and $D \neq E$ and $D \neq F$ and $D \neq J$ and $E \neq F$ and $E \neq J$ and $F \neq J$. Then $\text{CompF}(B, G) = A \wedge C \wedge D \wedge E \wedge F \wedge J$.
- (3) Suppose that $G = \{A, B, C, D, E, F, J\}$ and $A \neq B$ and $A \neq C$ and $A \neq D$ and $A \neq E$ and $A \neq F$ and $A \neq J$ and $B \neq C$ and $B \neq D$ and $B \neq E$ and $B \neq F$ and $B \neq J$ and $C \neq D$ and $C \neq E$ and $C \neq F$ and $C \neq J$ and $D \neq E$ and $D \neq F$ and $D \neq J$ and $E \neq F$ and $E \neq J$ and $F \neq J$. Then $\text{CompF}(C, G) = A \wedge B \wedge D \wedge E \wedge F \wedge J$.
- (4) Suppose that $G = \{A, B, C, D, E, F, J\}$ and $A \neq B$ and $A \neq C$ and $A \neq D$ and $A \neq E$ and $A \neq F$ and $A \neq J$ and $B \neq C$ and $B \neq D$ and $B \neq E$ and $B \neq F$ and $B \neq J$ and $C \neq D$ and $C \neq E$ and $C \neq F$ and $C \neq J$ and $D \neq E$ and $D \neq F$ and $D \neq J$ and $E \neq F$ and $E \neq J$ and $F \neq J$. Then $\text{CompF}(D, G) = A \wedge B \wedge C \wedge E \wedge F \wedge J$.
- (5) Suppose that $G = \{A, B, C, D, E, F, J\}$ and $A \neq B$ and $A \neq C$ and $A \neq D$ and $A \neq E$ and $A \neq F$ and $A \neq J$ and $B \neq C$ and $B \neq D$ and $B \neq E$ and $B \neq F$ and $B \neq J$ and $C \neq D$ and $C \neq E$ and $C \neq F$ and $C \neq J$ and $D \neq E$ and $D \neq F$ and $D \neq J$ and $E \neq F$ and $E \neq J$ and $F \neq J$. Then $\text{CompF}(E, G) = A \wedge B \wedge C \wedge D \wedge F \wedge J$.

- (6) Suppose that $G = \{A, B, C, D, E, F, J\}$ and $A \neq B$ and $A \neq C$ and $A \neq D$ and $A \neq E$ and $A \neq F$ and $A \neq J$ and $B \neq C$ and $B \neq D$ and $B \neq E$ and $B \neq F$ and $B \neq J$ and $C \neq D$ and $C \neq E$ and $C \neq F$ and $C \neq J$ and $D \neq E$ and $D \neq F$ and $D \neq J$ and $E \neq F$ and $E \neq J$ and $F \neq J$. Then $\text{CompF}(F, G) = A \wedge B \wedge C \wedge D \wedge E \wedge J$.
- (7) Suppose that $G = \{A, B, C, D, E, F, J\}$ and $A \neq B$ and $A \neq C$ and $A \neq D$ and $A \neq E$ and $A \neq F$ and $A \neq J$ and $B \neq C$ and $B \neq D$ and $B \neq E$ and $B \neq F$ and $B \neq J$ and $C \neq D$ and $C \neq E$ and $C \neq F$ and $C \neq J$ and $D \neq E$ and $D \neq F$ and $D \neq J$ and $E \neq F$ and $E \neq J$ and $F \neq J$. Then $\text{CompF}(J, G) = A \wedge B \wedge C \wedge D \wedge E \wedge F$.
- (8) Let A, B, C, D, E, F, J be sets, h be a function, and $A', B', C', D', E', F', J'$ be sets. Suppose that $A \neq B$ and $A \neq C$ and $A \neq D$ and $A \neq E$ and $A \neq F$ and $A \neq J$ and $B \neq C$ and $B \neq D$ and $B \neq E$ and $B \neq F$ and $B \neq J$ and $C \neq D$ and $C \neq E$ and $C \neq F$ and $C \neq J$ and $D \neq E$ and $D \neq F$ and $D \neq J$ and $E \neq F$ and $E \neq J$ and $F \neq J$ and $h = (B \mapsto B') + (C \mapsto C') + (D \mapsto D') + (E \mapsto E') + (F \mapsto F') + (J \mapsto J') + (A \mapsto A')$. Then $h(A) = A'$ and $h(B) = B'$ and $h(C) = C'$ and $h(D) = D'$ and $h(E) = E'$ and $h(F) = F'$ and $h(J) = J'$.
- (9) Let A, B, C, D, E, F, J be sets, h be a function, and $A', B', C', D', E', F', J'$ be sets. If $h = (B \mapsto B') + (C \mapsto C') + (D \mapsto D') + (E \mapsto E') + (F \mapsto F') + (J \mapsto J') + (A \mapsto A')$, then $\text{dom } h = \{A, B, C, D, E, F, J\}$.
- (10) Let A, B, C, D, E, F, J be sets, h be a function, and $A', B', C', D', E', F', J'$ be sets. If $h = (B \mapsto B') + (C \mapsto C') + (D \mapsto D') + (E \mapsto E') + (F \mapsto F') + (J \mapsto J') + (A \mapsto A')$, then $\text{rng } h = \{h(A), h(B), h(C), h(D), h(E), h(F), h(J)\}$.
- (11) Let G be a subset of $\text{PARTITIONS}(Y)$, A, B, C, D, E, F, J be partitions of Y , z, u be elements of Y , and h be a function. Suppose that G is independent and $G = \{A, B, C, D, E, F, J\}$ and $A \neq B$ and $A \neq C$ and $A \neq D$ and $A \neq E$ and $A \neq F$ and $A \neq J$ and $B \neq C$ and $B \neq D$ and $B \neq E$ and $B \neq F$ and $B \neq J$ and $C \neq D$ and $C \neq E$ and $C \neq F$ and $C \neq J$ and $D \neq E$ and $D \neq F$ and $D \neq J$ and $E \neq F$ and $E \neq J$ and $F \neq J$. Then $\text{EqClass}(u, B \wedge C \wedge D \wedge E \wedge F \wedge J)$ meets $\text{EqClass}(z, A)$.
- (12) Let G be a subset of $\text{PARTITIONS}(Y)$, A, B, C, D, E, F, J be partitions of Y , and z, u be elements of Y . Suppose that G is independent and $G = \{A, B, C, D, E, F, J\}$ and $A \neq B$ and $A \neq C$ and $A \neq D$ and $A \neq E$ and $A \neq F$ and $A \neq J$ and $B \neq C$ and $B \neq D$ and $B \neq E$ and $B \neq F$ and $B \neq J$ and $C \neq D$ and $C \neq E$ and $C \neq F$ and $C \neq J$ and $D \neq E$ and $D \neq F$ and $D \neq J$ and $E \neq F$ and $E \neq J$ and $F \neq J$ and $\text{EqClass}(z, C \wedge D \wedge E \wedge F \wedge J) = \text{EqClass}(u, C \wedge D \wedge E \wedge F \wedge J)$. Then $\text{EqClass}(u, \text{CompF}(A, G))$ meets $\text{EqClass}(z, \text{CompF}(B, G))$.
- (13) Suppose that $G = \{A, B, C, D, E, F, J, M\}$ and $A \neq B$ and $A \neq C$ and $A \neq D$ and $A \neq E$ and $A \neq F$ and $A \neq J$ and $A \neq M$ and $B \neq C$ and $B \neq D$ and $B \neq E$ and $B \neq F$ and $B \neq J$ and $B \neq M$ and $C \neq D$ and $C \neq E$ and $C \neq F$ and $C \neq J$ and $C \neq M$ and $D \neq E$ and $D \neq F$ and $D \neq J$ and $D \neq M$ and $E \neq F$ and $E \neq J$ and $E \neq M$ and $F \neq J$ and $F \neq M$ and $J \neq M$. Then $\text{CompF}(A, G) = B \wedge C \wedge D \wedge E \wedge F \wedge J \wedge M$.
- (14) Suppose that $G = \{A, B, C, D, E, F, J, M\}$ and $A \neq B$ and $A \neq C$ and $A \neq D$ and $A \neq E$ and $A \neq F$ and $A \neq J$ and $A \neq M$ and $B \neq C$ and $B \neq D$ and $B \neq E$ and $B \neq F$ and $B \neq J$ and $B \neq M$ and $C \neq D$ and $C \neq E$ and $C \neq F$ and $C \neq J$ and $C \neq M$ and $D \neq E$ and $D \neq F$ and $D \neq J$ and $D \neq M$ and $E \neq F$ and $E \neq J$ and $E \neq M$ and $F \neq J$ and $F \neq M$ and $J \neq M$. Then $\text{CompF}(B, G) = A \wedge C \wedge D \wedge E \wedge F \wedge J \wedge M$.
- (15) Suppose that $G = \{A, B, C, D, E, F, J, M\}$ and $A \neq B$ and $A \neq C$ and $A \neq D$ and $A \neq E$ and $A \neq F$ and $A \neq J$ and $A \neq M$ and $B \neq C$ and $B \neq D$ and $B \neq E$ and $B \neq F$ and $B \neq J$ and $B \neq M$ and $C \neq D$ and $C \neq E$ and $C \neq F$ and $C \neq J$ and $C \neq M$ and $D \neq E$ and $D \neq F$ and $D \neq J$ and $D \neq M$ and $E \neq F$ and $E \neq J$ and $E \neq M$ and $F \neq J$ and $F \neq M$ and $J \neq M$. Then $\text{CompF}(C, G) = A \wedge B \wedge D \wedge E \wedge F \wedge J \wedge M$.
- (16) Suppose that $G = \{A, B, C, D, E, F, J, M\}$ and $A \neq B$ and $A \neq C$ and $A \neq D$ and $A \neq E$ and $A \neq F$ and $A \neq J$ and $A \neq M$ and $B \neq C$ and $B \neq D$ and $B \neq E$ and $B \neq F$ and $B \neq J$ and

$B \neq M$ and $C \neq D$ and $C \neq E$ and $C \neq F$ and $C \neq J$ and $C \neq M$ and $D \neq E$ and $D \neq F$ and $D \neq J$ and $D \neq M$ and $E \neq F$ and $E \neq J$ and $E \neq M$ and $F \neq J$ and $F \neq M$ and $J \neq M$. Then $\text{CompF}(D, G) = A \wedge B \wedge C \wedge E \wedge F \wedge J \wedge M$.

(17) Suppose that $G = \{A, B, C, D, E, F, J, M\}$ and $A \neq B$ and $A \neq C$ and $A \neq D$ and $A \neq E$ and $A \neq F$ and $A \neq J$ and $A \neq M$ and $B \neq C$ and $B \neq D$ and $B \neq E$ and $B \neq F$ and $B \neq J$ and $B \neq M$ and $C \neq D$ and $C \neq E$ and $C \neq F$ and $C \neq J$ and $C \neq M$ and $D \neq E$ and $D \neq F$ and $D \neq J$ and $D \neq M$ and $E \neq F$ and $E \neq J$ and $E \neq M$ and $F \neq J$ and $F \neq M$ and $J \neq M$. Then $\text{CompF}(E, G) = A \wedge B \wedge C \wedge D \wedge F \wedge J \wedge M$.

(18) Suppose that $G = \{A, B, C, D, E, F, J, M\}$ and $A \neq B$ and $A \neq C$ and $A \neq D$ and $A \neq E$ and $A \neq F$ and $A \neq J$ and $A \neq M$ and $B \neq C$ and $B \neq D$ and $B \neq E$ and $B \neq F$ and $B \neq J$ and $B \neq M$ and $C \neq D$ and $C \neq E$ and $C \neq F$ and $C \neq J$ and $C \neq M$ and $D \neq E$ and $D \neq F$ and $D \neq J$ and $D \neq M$ and $E \neq F$ and $E \neq J$ and $E \neq M$ and $F \neq J$ and $F \neq M$ and $J \neq M$. Then $\text{CompF}(F, G) = A \wedge B \wedge C \wedge D \wedge E \wedge J \wedge M$.

(19) Suppose that $G = \{A, B, C, D, E, F, J, M\}$ and $A \neq B$ and $A \neq C$ and $A \neq D$ and $A \neq E$ and $A \neq F$ and $A \neq J$ and $A \neq M$ and $B \neq C$ and $B \neq D$ and $B \neq E$ and $B \neq F$ and $B \neq J$ and $B \neq M$ and $C \neq D$ and $C \neq E$ and $C \neq F$ and $C \neq J$ and $C \neq M$ and $D \neq E$ and $D \neq F$ and $D \neq J$ and $D \neq M$ and $E \neq F$ and $E \neq J$ and $E \neq M$ and $F \neq J$ and $F \neq M$ and $J \neq M$. Then $\text{CompF}(J, G) = A \wedge B \wedge C \wedge D \wedge E \wedge F \wedge M$.

(20) Suppose that $G = \{A, B, C, D, E, F, J, M\}$ and $A \neq B$ and $A \neq C$ and $A \neq D$ and $A \neq E$ and $A \neq F$ and $A \neq J$ and $A \neq M$ and $B \neq C$ and $B \neq D$ and $B \neq E$ and $B \neq F$ and $B \neq J$ and $B \neq M$ and $C \neq D$ and $C \neq E$ and $C \neq F$ and $C \neq J$ and $C \neq M$ and $D \neq E$ and $D \neq F$ and $D \neq J$ and $D \neq M$ and $E \neq F$ and $E \neq J$ and $E \neq M$ and $F \neq J$ and $F \neq M$ and $J \neq M$. Then $\text{CompF}(M, G) = A \wedge B \wedge C \wedge D \wedge E \wedge F \wedge J$.

(21) Let A, B, C, D, E, F, J, M be sets, h be a function, and $A', B', C', D', E', F', J', M'$ be sets. Suppose that $A \neq B$ and $A \neq C$ and $A \neq D$ and $A \neq E$ and $A \neq F$ and $A \neq J$ and $A \neq M$ and $B \neq C$ and $B \neq D$ and $B \neq E$ and $B \neq F$ and $B \neq J$ and $B \neq M$ and $C \neq D$ and $C \neq E$ and $C \neq F$ and $C \neq J$ and $C \neq M$ and $D \neq E$ and $D \neq F$ and $D \neq J$ and $D \neq M$ and $E \neq F$ and $E \neq J$ and $E \neq M$ and $F \neq J$ and $F \neq M$ and $J \neq M$ and $h = (B \mapsto B') + (C \mapsto C') + (D \mapsto D') + (E \mapsto E') + (F \mapsto F') + (J \mapsto J') + (M \mapsto M') + (A \mapsto A')$. Then $h(B) = B'$ and $h(C) = C'$ and $h(D) = D'$ and $h(E) = E'$ and $h(F) = F'$ and $h(J) = J'$.

(22) Let A, B, C, D, E, F, J, M be sets, h be a function, and $A', B', C', D', E', F', J', M'$ be sets. If $h = (B \mapsto B') + (C \mapsto C') + (D \mapsto D') + (E \mapsto E') + (F \mapsto F') + (J \mapsto J') + (M \mapsto M') + (A \mapsto A')$, then $\text{dom } h = \{A, B, C, D, E, F, J, M\}$.

(23) Let A, B, C, D, E, F, J, M be sets, h be a function, and $A', B', C', D', E', F', J', M'$ be sets. Suppose $h = (B \mapsto B') + (C \mapsto C') + (D \mapsto D') + (E \mapsto E') + (F \mapsto F') + (J \mapsto J') + (M \mapsto M') + (A \mapsto A')$. Then $\text{rng } h = \{h(A), h(B), h(C), h(D), h(E), h(F), h(J), h(M)\}$.

(24) Let a be an element of Boolean^Y , G be a subset of $\text{PARTITIONS}(Y)$, A, B, C, D, E, F, J, M be partitions of Y , z, u be elements of Y , and h be a function. Suppose that G is independent and $G = \{A, B, C, D, E, F, J, M\}$ and $A \neq B$ and $A \neq C$ and $A \neq D$ and $A \neq E$ and $A \neq F$ and $A \neq J$ and $A \neq M$ and $B \neq C$ and $B \neq D$ and $B \neq E$ and $B \neq F$ and $B \neq J$ and $B \neq M$ and $C \neq D$ and $C \neq E$ and $C \neq F$ and $C \neq J$ and $C \neq M$ and $D \neq E$ and $D \neq F$ and $D \neq J$ and $D \neq M$ and $E \neq F$ and $E \neq J$ and $E \neq M$ and $F \neq J$ and $F \neq M$ and $J \neq M$. Then $\text{EqClass}(u, B \wedge C \wedge D \wedge E \wedge F \wedge J \wedge M) \cap \text{EqClass}(z, A) \neq \emptyset$.

(25) Let a be an element of Boolean^Y , G be a subset of $\text{PARTITIONS}(Y)$, A, B, C, D, E, F, J, M be partitions of Y , and z, u be elements of Y . Suppose that G is independent and $G = \{A, B, C, D, E, F, J, M\}$ and $A \neq B$ and $A \neq C$ and $A \neq D$ and $A \neq E$ and $A \neq F$ and $A \neq J$ and $A \neq M$ and $B \neq C$ and $B \neq D$ and $B \neq E$ and $B \neq F$ and $B \neq J$ and $B \neq M$ and $C \neq D$ and $C \neq E$ and $C \neq F$ and $C \neq J$ and $C \neq M$ and $D \neq E$ and $D \neq F$ and $D \neq J$ and $D \neq M$ and $E \neq F$ and $E \neq J$ and $E \neq M$ and $F \neq J$ and $F \neq M$ and $J \neq M$ and $\text{EqClass}(z, C \wedge D \wedge E \wedge F \wedge J \wedge M) = \text{EqClass}(u, C \wedge D \wedge E \wedge F \wedge J \wedge M)$. Then $\text{EqClass}(u, \text{CompF}(A, G))$ meets $\text{EqClass}(z, \text{CompF}(B, G))$.

The scheme *UII0* deals with sets $\mathcal{A}, \mathcal{B}, \mathcal{C}, \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{E}, \mathcal{F}, \mathcal{G}, \mathcal{H}, \mathcal{I}, \mathcal{J}$ and a 10-ary predicate \mathcal{P} , and states that:

$$\mathcal{P}[\mathcal{A}, \mathcal{B}, \mathcal{C}, \mathcal{D}, \mathcal{E}, \mathcal{F}, \mathcal{G}, \mathcal{H}, \mathcal{I}, \mathcal{J}]$$

provided the parameters meet the following condition:

- For all sets $x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4, x_5, x_6, x_7, x_8, x_9, x_{10}$ holds $\mathcal{P}[x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4, x_5, x_6, x_7, x_8, x_9, x_{10}]$.

Let us consider $x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4, x_5, x_6, x_7, x_8, x_9$. The functor $\{x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4, x_5, x_6, x_7, x_8, x_9\}$ yielding a set is defined by:

(Def. 1) $x \in \{x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4, x_5, x_6, x_7, x_8, x_9\}$ iff $x = x_1$ or $x = x_2$ or $x = x_3$ or $x = x_4$ or $x = x_5$ or $x = x_6$ or $x = x_7$ or $x = x_8$ or $x = x_9$.

One can prove the following propositions:

- (26) If $x \in \{x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4, x_5, x_6, x_7, x_8, x_9\}$, then $x = x_1$ or $x = x_2$ or $x = x_3$ or $x = x_4$ or $x = x_5$ or $x = x_6$ or $x = x_7$ or $x = x_8$ or $x = x_9$.
- (27) $\{x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4, x_5, x_6, x_7, x_8, x_9\} = \{x_1\} \cup \{x_2, x_3, x_4, x_5, x_6, x_7, x_8, x_9\}$.
- (28) $\{x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4, x_5, x_6, x_7, x_8, x_9\} = \{x_1, x_2\} \cup \{x_3, x_4, x_5, x_6, x_7, x_8, x_9\}$.
- (29) $\{x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4, x_5, x_6, x_7, x_8, x_9\} = \{x_1, x_2, x_3\} \cup \{x_4, x_5, x_6, x_7, x_8, x_9\}$.
- (30) $\{x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4, x_5, x_6, x_7, x_8, x_9\} = \{x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4\} \cup \{x_5, x_6, x_7, x_8, x_9\}$.
- (31) $\{x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4, x_5, x_6, x_7, x_8, x_9\} = \{x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4, x_5\} \cup \{x_6, x_7, x_8, x_9\}$.
- (32) $\{x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4, x_5, x_6, x_7, x_8, x_9\} = \{x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4, x_5, x_6\} \cup \{x_7, x_8, x_9\}$.
- (33) $\{x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4, x_5, x_6, x_7, x_8, x_9\} = \{x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4, x_5, x_6, x_7\} \cup \{x_8, x_9\}$.
- (34) $\{x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4, x_5, x_6, x_7, x_8, x_9\} = \{x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4, x_5, x_6, x_7, x_8\} \cup \{x_9\}$.
- (35) Let G be a subset of PARTITIONS(Y) and $A, B, C, D, E, F, J, M, N$ be partitions of Y . Suppose that $G = \{A, B, C, D, E, F, J, M, N\}$ and $A \neq B$ and $A \neq C$ and $A \neq D$ and $A \neq E$ and $A \neq F$ and $A \neq J$ and $A \neq M$ and $A \neq N$ and $B \neq C$ and $B \neq D$ and $B \neq E$ and $B \neq F$ and $B \neq J$ and $B \neq M$ and $B \neq N$ and $C \neq D$ and $C \neq E$ and $C \neq F$ and $C \neq J$ and $C \neq M$ and $C \neq N$ and $D \neq E$ and $D \neq F$ and $D \neq J$ and $D \neq M$ and $D \neq N$ and $E \neq F$ and $E \neq J$ and $E \neq M$ and $E \neq N$ and $F \neq J$ and $F \neq M$ and $F \neq N$ and $J \neq M$ and $J \neq N$ and $M \neq N$. Then $\text{CompF}(A, G) = B \wedge C \wedge D \wedge E \wedge F \wedge J \wedge M \wedge N$.
- (36) Let G be a subset of PARTITIONS(Y) and $A, B, C, D, E, F, J, M, N$ be partitions of Y . Suppose that $G = \{A, B, C, D, E, F, J, M, N\}$ and $A \neq B$ and $A \neq C$ and $A \neq D$ and $A \neq E$ and $A \neq F$ and $A \neq J$ and $A \neq M$ and $A \neq N$ and $B \neq C$ and $B \neq D$ and $B \neq E$ and $B \neq F$ and $B \neq J$ and $B \neq M$ and $B \neq N$ and $C \neq D$ and $C \neq E$ and $C \neq F$ and $C \neq J$ and $C \neq M$ and $C \neq N$ and $D \neq E$ and $D \neq F$ and $D \neq J$ and $D \neq M$ and $D \neq N$ and $E \neq F$ and $E \neq J$ and $E \neq M$ and $E \neq N$ and $F \neq J$ and $F \neq M$ and $F \neq N$ and $J \neq M$ and $J \neq N$ and $M \neq N$. Then $\text{CompF}(B, G) = A \wedge C \wedge D \wedge E \wedge F \wedge J \wedge M \wedge N$.
- (37) Let G be a subset of PARTITIONS(Y) and $A, B, C, D, E, F, J, M, N$ be partitions of Y . Suppose that $G = \{A, B, C, D, E, F, J, M, N\}$ and $A \neq B$ and $A \neq C$ and $A \neq D$ and $A \neq E$ and $A \neq F$ and $A \neq J$ and $A \neq M$ and $A \neq N$ and $B \neq C$ and $B \neq D$ and $B \neq E$ and $B \neq F$ and $B \neq J$ and $B \neq M$ and $B \neq N$ and $C \neq D$ and $C \neq E$ and $C \neq F$ and $C \neq J$ and $C \neq M$ and $C \neq N$ and $D \neq E$ and $D \neq F$ and $D \neq J$ and $D \neq M$ and $D \neq N$ and $E \neq F$ and $E \neq J$ and $E \neq M$ and $E \neq N$ and $F \neq J$ and $F \neq M$ and $F \neq N$ and $J \neq M$ and $J \neq N$ and $M \neq N$. Then $\text{CompF}(C, G) = A \wedge B \wedge D \wedge E \wedge F \wedge J \wedge M \wedge N$.
- (38) Let G be a subset of PARTITIONS(Y) and $A, B, C, D, E, F, J, M, N$ be partitions of Y . Suppose that $G = \{A, B, C, D, E, F, J, M, N\}$ and $A \neq B$ and $A \neq C$ and $A \neq D$ and $A \neq E$ and $A \neq F$ and $A \neq J$ and $A \neq M$ and $A \neq N$ and $B \neq C$ and $B \neq D$ and $B \neq E$ and $B \neq F$ and $B \neq J$ and $B \neq M$ and $B \neq N$ and $C \neq D$ and $C \neq E$ and $C \neq F$ and $C \neq J$ and $C \neq M$ and $C \neq N$ and $D \neq E$ and $D \neq F$ and $D \neq J$ and $D \neq M$ and $D \neq N$ and $E \neq F$ and $E \neq J$ and $E \neq M$ and $E \neq N$ and $F \neq J$ and $F \neq M$ and $F \neq N$ and $J \neq M$ and $J \neq N$ and $M \neq N$. Then $\text{CompF}(D, G) = A \wedge B \wedge C \wedge E \wedge F \wedge J \wedge M \wedge N$.

(39) Let G be a subset of $\text{PARTITIONS}(Y)$ and $A, B, C, D, E, F, J, M, N$ be partitions of Y . Suppose that $G = \{A, B, C, D, E, F, J, M, N\}$ and $A \neq B$ and $A \neq C$ and $A \neq D$ and $A \neq E$ and $A \neq F$ and $A \neq J$ and $A \neq M$ and $A \neq N$ and $B \neq C$ and $B \neq D$ and $B \neq E$ and $B \neq F$ and $B \neq J$ and $B \neq M$ and $B \neq N$ and $C \neq D$ and $C \neq E$ and $C \neq F$ and $C \neq J$ and $C \neq M$ and $C \neq N$ and $D \neq E$ and $D \neq F$ and $D \neq J$ and $D \neq M$ and $D \neq N$ and $E \neq F$ and $E \neq J$ and $E \neq M$ and $E \neq N$ and $F \neq J$ and $F \neq M$ and $F \neq N$ and $J \neq M$ and $J \neq N$ and $M \neq N$. Then $\text{CompF}(E, G) = A \wedge B \wedge C \wedge D \wedge E \wedge F \wedge J \wedge M \wedge N$.

(40) Let G be a subset of $\text{PARTITIONS}(Y)$ and $A, B, C, D, E, F, J, M, N$ be partitions of Y . Suppose that $G = \{A, B, C, D, E, F, J, M, N\}$ and $A \neq B$ and $A \neq C$ and $A \neq D$ and $A \neq E$ and $A \neq F$ and $A \neq J$ and $A \neq M$ and $A \neq N$ and $B \neq C$ and $B \neq D$ and $B \neq E$ and $B \neq F$ and $B \neq J$ and $B \neq M$ and $B \neq N$ and $C \neq D$ and $C \neq E$ and $C \neq F$ and $C \neq J$ and $C \neq M$ and $C \neq N$ and $D \neq E$ and $D \neq F$ and $D \neq J$ and $D \neq M$ and $D \neq N$ and $E \neq F$ and $E \neq J$ and $E \neq M$ and $E \neq N$ and $F \neq J$ and $F \neq M$ and $F \neq N$ and $J \neq M$ and $J \neq N$ and $M \neq N$. Then $\text{CompF}(F, G) = A \wedge B \wedge C \wedge D \wedge E \wedge J \wedge M \wedge N$.

(41) Let G be a subset of $\text{PARTITIONS}(Y)$ and $A, B, C, D, E, F, J, M, N$ be partitions of Y . Suppose that $G = \{A, B, C, D, E, F, J, M, N\}$ and $A \neq B$ and $A \neq C$ and $A \neq D$ and $A \neq E$ and $A \neq F$ and $A \neq J$ and $A \neq M$ and $A \neq N$ and $B \neq C$ and $B \neq D$ and $B \neq E$ and $B \neq F$ and $B \neq J$ and $B \neq M$ and $B \neq N$ and $C \neq D$ and $C \neq E$ and $C \neq F$ and $C \neq J$ and $C \neq M$ and $C \neq N$ and $D \neq E$ and $D \neq F$ and $D \neq J$ and $D \neq M$ and $D \neq N$ and $E \neq F$ and $E \neq J$ and $E \neq M$ and $E \neq N$ and $F \neq J$ and $F \neq M$ and $F \neq N$ and $J \neq M$ and $J \neq N$ and $M \neq N$. Then $\text{CompF}(J, G) = A \wedge B \wedge C \wedge D \wedge E \wedge F \wedge M \wedge N$.

(42) Let G be a subset of $\text{PARTITIONS}(Y)$ and $A, B, C, D, E, F, J, M, N$ be partitions of Y . Suppose that $G = \{A, B, C, D, E, F, J, M, N\}$ and $A \neq B$ and $A \neq C$ and $A \neq D$ and $A \neq E$ and $A \neq F$ and $A \neq J$ and $A \neq M$ and $A \neq N$ and $B \neq C$ and $B \neq D$ and $B \neq E$ and $B \neq F$ and $B \neq J$ and $B \neq M$ and $B \neq N$ and $C \neq D$ and $C \neq E$ and $C \neq F$ and $C \neq J$ and $C \neq M$ and $C \neq N$ and $D \neq E$ and $D \neq F$ and $D \neq J$ and $D \neq M$ and $D \neq N$ and $E \neq F$ and $E \neq J$ and $E \neq M$ and $E \neq N$ and $F \neq J$ and $F \neq M$ and $F \neq N$ and $J \neq M$ and $J \neq N$ and $M \neq N$. Then $\text{CompF}(M, G) = A \wedge B \wedge C \wedge D \wedge E \wedge F \wedge J \wedge N$.

(43) Let G be a subset of $\text{PARTITIONS}(Y)$ and $A, B, C, D, E, F, J, M, N$ be partitions of Y . Suppose that $G = \{A, B, C, D, E, F, J, M, N\}$ and $A \neq B$ and $A \neq C$ and $A \neq D$ and $A \neq E$ and $A \neq F$ and $A \neq J$ and $A \neq M$ and $A \neq N$ and $B \neq C$ and $B \neq D$ and $B \neq E$ and $B \neq F$ and $B \neq J$ and $B \neq M$ and $B \neq N$ and $C \neq D$ and $C \neq E$ and $C \neq F$ and $C \neq J$ and $C \neq M$ and $C \neq N$ and $D \neq E$ and $D \neq F$ and $D \neq J$ and $D \neq M$ and $D \neq N$ and $E \neq F$ and $E \neq J$ and $E \neq M$ and $E \neq N$ and $F \neq J$ and $F \neq M$ and $F \neq N$ and $J \neq M$ and $J \neq N$ and $M \neq N$. Then $\text{CompF}(N, G) = A \wedge B \wedge C \wedge D \wedge E \wedge F \wedge J \wedge M$.

(44) Let $A, B, C, D, E, F, J, M, N$ be sets, h be a function, and $A', B', C', D', E', F', J', M', N'$ be sets. Suppose that $A \neq B$ and $A \neq C$ and $A \neq D$ and $A \neq E$ and $A \neq F$ and $A \neq J$ and $A \neq M$ and $A \neq N$ and $B \neq C$ and $B \neq D$ and $B \neq E$ and $B \neq F$ and $B \neq J$ and $B \neq M$ and $B \neq N$ and $C \neq D$ and $C \neq E$ and $C \neq F$ and $C \neq J$ and $C \neq M$ and $C \neq N$ and $D \neq E$ and $D \neq F$ and $D \neq J$ and $D \neq M$ and $D \neq N$ and $E \neq F$ and $E \neq J$ and $E \neq M$ and $E \neq N$ and $F \neq J$ and $F \neq M$ and $F \neq N$ and $J \neq M$ and $J \neq N$ and $M \neq N$ and $h = (B \mapsto B') + (C \mapsto C') + (D \mapsto D') + (E \mapsto E') + (F \mapsto F') + (J \mapsto J') + (M \mapsto M') + (N \mapsto N') + (A \mapsto A')$. Then $h(A) = A'$ and $h(B) = B'$ and $h(C) = C'$ and $h(D) = D'$ and $h(E) = E'$ and $h(F) = F'$ and $h(J) = J'$ and $h(M) = M'$ and $h(N) = N'$.

(45) Let $A, B, C, D, E, F, J, M, N$ be sets, h be a function, and $A', B', C', D', E', F', J', M', N'$ be sets. If $h = (B \mapsto B') + (C \mapsto C') + (D \mapsto D') + (E \mapsto E') + (F \mapsto F') + (J \mapsto J') + (M \mapsto M') + (N \mapsto N') + (A \mapsto A')$ then $\text{dom } h = \{A, B, C, D, E, F, J, M, N\}$.

(46) Let $A, B, C, D, E, F, J, M, N$ be sets, h be a function, and $A', B', C', D', E', F', J', M', N'$ be sets. Suppose $h = (B \mapsto B') + (C \mapsto C') + (D \mapsto D') + (E \mapsto E') + (F \mapsto F') + (J \mapsto J') + (M \mapsto M') + (N \mapsto N') + (A \mapsto A')$. Then $\text{rng } h = \{h(A), h(B), h(C), h(D), h(E), h(F), h(J), h(M), h(N)\}$.

- (47) Let a be an element of $Boolean^Y$, G be a subset of $PARTITIONS(Y)$, $A, B, C, D, E, F, J, M, N$ be partitions of Y , z, u be elements of Y , and h be a function. Suppose that G is independent and $G = \{A, B, C, D, E, F, J, M, N\}$ and $A \neq B$ and $A \neq C$ and $A \neq D$ and $A \neq E$ and $A \neq F$ and $A \neq J$ and $A \neq M$ and $A \neq N$ and $B \neq C$ and $B \neq D$ and $B \neq E$ and $B \neq F$ and $B \neq J$ and $B \neq M$ and $B \neq N$ and $C \neq D$ and $C \neq E$ and $C \neq F$ and $C \neq J$ and $C \neq M$ and $C \neq N$ and $D \neq E$ and $D \neq F$ and $D \neq J$ and $D \neq M$ and $D \neq N$ and $E \neq F$ and $E \neq J$ and $E \neq M$ and $E \neq N$ and $F \neq J$ and $F \neq M$ and $F \neq N$ and $J \neq M$ and $J \neq N$ and $M \neq N$. Then $EqClass(u, B \wedge C \wedge D \wedge E \wedge F \wedge J \wedge M \wedge N) \cap EqClass(z, A) \neq \emptyset$.
- (48) Let a be an element of $Boolean^Y$, G be a subset of $PARTITIONS(Y)$, $A, B, C, D, E, F, J, M, N$ be partitions of Y , and z, u be elements of Y . Suppose that G is independent and $G = \{A, B, C, D, E, F, J, M, N\}$ and $A \neq B$ and $A \neq C$ and $A \neq D$ and $A \neq E$ and $A \neq F$ and $A \neq J$ and $A \neq M$ and $A \neq N$ and $B \neq C$ and $B \neq D$ and $B \neq E$ and $B \neq F$ and $B \neq J$ and $B \neq M$ and $B \neq N$ and $C \neq D$ and $C \neq E$ and $C \neq F$ and $C \neq J$ and $C \neq M$ and $C \neq N$ and $D \neq E$ and $D \neq F$ and $D \neq J$ and $D \neq M$ and $D \neq N$ and $E \neq F$ and $E \neq J$ and $E \neq M$ and $E \neq N$ and $F \neq J$ and $F \neq M$ and $F \neq N$ and $J \neq M$ and $J \neq N$ and $M \neq N$ and $EqClass(z, C \wedge D \wedge E \wedge F \wedge J \wedge M \wedge N) = EqClass(u, C \wedge D \wedge E \wedge F \wedge J \wedge M \wedge N)$. Then $EqClass(u, CompF(A, G))$ meets $EqClass(z, CompF(B, G))$.
- (49) If $x = x_1$ or $x = x_2$ or $x = x_3$ or $x = x_4$ or $x = x_5$ or $x = x_6$ or $x = x_7$ or $x = x_8$ or $x = x_9$, then $x \in \{x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4, x_5, x_6, x_7, x_8, x_9\}$.

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